Pawnee
32. TUCK A LIX TAH or OWNER OF MANY HORSES (~1858), came in a delegation, contracted deadly pneumonia. After regretting that he had not fallen in battle, he tried in a small way to right the strategic imbalance between the Indians and the cavalry: “I hope that the Great Father will give my brother a horse as a memento of me.” RS5/S180
33. OSCAR CAREY (~1884), performer in Buffalo Bill’s Wild West Show. He is buried in full regalia. R6/S247 NO MARKER
Sac and Fox
34. QUAW QUAW MAH PE QUAW (~1873), delegate. R2/S58
Winnebago
35. PROPHET (~1859), delegate. R63/S147

Indian Agents & Commissioners
A. THOMAS FITZPATRICK (1790–1854), agent for the Platte Tribe of Arkansas. R27/S208
B. ALEXANDER C. HUNT (1825–1894), agent for the Ute tribe and territorial governor of Colorado. R82/S314
C. GEORGE W. MANYPENNY (1808–1892), Commissioner of Indian Affairs. R58/S56
D. ALFRED B. MEACHAM (1826–1882), agent for the Modoc Tribe of Washington State. R57/S221
E. HENRY SCHOOLCRAFT (1793–1864), agent for the Chippewa Tribe. Discovered the source of the Mississippi River. One of the earliest ethnologists, his collection of traditional Indian legends served as the basis for Longfellow’s poem, “Hiawatha.” R68/S321

Attorneys who worked on behalf of Native American Tribes
F. BELVA LOCKWOOD (1830–1917), attorney, first woman to run for President and receive votes. Won a $6 million settlement for the Cherokee nation. R78/S296
G. WILLIAM WIRT (1772–1834), U.S. Attorney General. Fought against the removal of the tribes from Georgia which he strongly opposed. RS4/S178

The Association for the Preservation of Historic Congressional Cemetery is a private, nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization established in 1976 and dedicated to the restoration, interpretation, and management of Congressional Cemetery. It is predominantly a volunteer-based organization relying on over 400 neighbors, history buffs, conservators, dogwalkers, and armed forces personnel each year to help restore and maintain this national treasure. In 1979, the Association succeeded in having Congressional Cemetery listed on the National Register of Historic Places. It became a National Historic Landmark in 2011. Please join the Association or make a donation and help in the third century of service to the Nation’s Capital.
The following represent all of the known Native Americans whose remains rest here. Most died while in Washington, negotiating treaties or conducting business with the U.S. Government. There is no fixed tour route. Refer to the Range (R) and Site (S) grid numbers and the map on the back to help locate each grave site.

**Apache**

1. TAZA (Tahza) (1842–1876) son of Chiricahua Chief Cochise, was brought to Washington in 1876 along with 22 others of his tribe by an Indian agent without travel or expense money. To pay their way, they danced and exhibited as sideshows. Taza was fatally stricken with pneumonia, although some believe he was poisoned. His silver-handled coffin was drawn to the cemetery in a "glass coach," and a two-hour service gave him the recognition he deserved as Chief of his tribe. The 1934 film *Taza, Son of Cochise* stars Rock Hudson as Taza. His grave was finally marked in 1971 by the American Indian Movement.

2. WILLIAM SHOREY COODEY (1806–1849) infant daughter of William Shorey Coodey. She studied at the American Philosophical Society and was described as "slim and handsome" and a "hand-picked pattie" of the Cherokee Nation. He visited Washington often, staying with his close friend, Daniel Webster. He died of an unknown illness on April 16. R43/S50

3. HENRIETTA JANE COODEY (1832–1849), infant daughter of William Shorey Coodey. She studied at the American Philosophical Society and was described as "slim and handsome" and a "hand-picked pattie" of the Cherokee Nation. He visited Washington often, staying with his close friend, Daniel Webster. He died of an unknown illness on April 16. R43/S50

**Apache**

4. CHARLOTTE J. COODEY (–1849), infant daughter of William Shorey Coodey. R43/S49

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**Cherokee, continued**

5. JUDGE RICHARD FIELDS (c.1808–1873), judge and administrator of the Cherokee Nation. R46/S106 NO MARKER

6. CAPT. JOHN LOONEY (c.1776–1846), nephew of Chief Black Fox. Served in the Cherokee regiment under Gen. Andrew Jackson during the Creek War. Severely wounded and granted a pension for life from the U.S. Government. R40/S44

7. CAPT. JAMES MCDANIEL (1823–1868), served in the 2nd Indian Regiment, U.S. Volunteers during the Civil War. Delegate to Washington and Senator of the Cherokee Nation. R18/S87

8. SUSAN AGNES PASchal (1843–1846), grand-daughter of Chief John Ridge. Daughter of Judge George Paschal an attorney and later judge who worked for the Cherokee Nation. R44/S1521

9. CAPT. THOMAS PEGG (c.1808–1866), Senator and Associate Judge of the Cherokee Nation. Served in the Union Indian Brigade during the Civil War. R40/S44

10. CHILD ROGERS (–1841), child of Capt. John Rogers. R40/S91

11. CAPT. JOHN ROGERS (c.1776–1846), Principal Chief of the Western Cherokee. Fought under Gen. Andrew Jackson in the Creek War. R40/S91


13. EZEKIEL STARR (c.1802–1846), delegate and Counselor of the Cherokee Nation. R40/S90

14. BLUFORD WEST (c.1808–1846), Judge of the Cherokee Nation. R40/S89

**Chippewa**

15. A MOOSE OR LITTLE BEE (–1866), Head Chief, died of “black measles” also known as Rocky Mountain Spotted fever, carried by ticks. R53/S211

16. OSK CAW BU WIS or SHAWBOWIS (–1866), Chief and delegate, died of “black measles” and may have been ill before he arrived in DC. R52/S210

17. ST. GERMAIN (–1866), Chief and delegate, died of “black measles.” R53/S210

**Choctaw**

18. EMMETT KENNEDY (1876–1890), grandson of Peter Pitchlynn. R87/S295

19. LEE PITCHLYNN (c.1866–1936), son of Peter and Caroline Ecklof Pitchlynn. R88/S293

20. PETER P. PITCHLYNN (1806–1881), delegate representing the Choctaw Nation almost continuously from 1853. He strove to keep the Choctaw Nation neutral during the Civil War. He was a friend of Andrew Jackson and Henry Clay and was spoken of highly by Charles Dickens in his *American Notes*. He was a prominent Mason and received his degrees in the Scottish Rite with Gov. Sam Houston. R87/S294

21. SOPHIA PITCHLYNN (1864–1942), daughter of Peter Pitchlynn. Born in Oklahoma, she was known as Princess of the Choctaw Nation. She bred chickens in DC to send back to Oklahoma. R88/S294

22. THOMAS PITCHLYNN (1856–1893), son of Peter and Caroline Ecklof Pitchlynn. R88/S295

23. SAMSON PITCHLYNN (1857–1858), infant son of Peter and Caroline Ecklof Pitchlynn. R87/S104

24. PUSH-MA-TA-HA (c.1764–1824), Choctaw Indian Chief, warrior and diplomat, served with Andrew Jackson in the Battle of New Orleans during the War of 1812. While in Washington seeking payment of debts owed by the Government to his nation, he died of croup. His military funeral, led by Senator Andrew Jackson, stretched a half mile with thousands in the procession and others lining the way to his resting place. The guns from Capitol Hill thundered the tribute he had requested, “that the big guns be fired over me.” This stone replaces the weatherworn original. R31/S41

25. DANIEL S. ASPBERRY (–1856), delegate. His son petitioned Congress for a headstone in 1912, a marker on his grave was finally placed in 1916. R22/S76

26. EFAR EMARTHAR or DAVID THOMPSON (–1888), delegate. R95/S354

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**Dakota [Eastern Sioux]**

27. KAN YA TU DUTA or SCARLET CROW (c.1822–1867), also known as SCARLET NIGHT or SCARLET RAVEN, served as a scout for the U.S. Army during the Sioux uprising in southern Minnesota in 1861. He was sent as a delegate to Washington to protest the removal of his tribe from Minnesota to South Dakota. He was kidnapped and then murdered when a ransom was not paid by the Indian Commissioner. His son petitioned Congress for a headstone in 1912, a marker on his grave was finally placed in 1916. R22/S76

28. O COM O COST or YELLOW WOLF (c.1804–1863), delegate. He died of pneumonia a few days after the photo below was taken and is buried with a silver medallion presented to his ancestors by President Jefferson. R66/S149

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**Kiowa**

29. WAUB-O-JEAG or WHITE FISHER (–1863), delegate. R66/S148

30. FREDERICK D. BROKEN ROPE (1951–1992), killed by an automobile while crossing a street in Silver Spring, Maryland. R64/S263

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**Nez Perce**

31. UT-SIN-MALIKAN (–1868), delegate. His son petitioned Congress for a headstone in 1912, a marker on his grave was finally placed in 1916. R22/S76

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**Ojibwe**

32. WHITE FISHER (–1863), delegate. His son petitioned Congress for a headstone in 1912, a marker on his grave was finally placed in 1916. R22/S76

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**Seneca**

33. DAVID THOMPSON or PUS-MA-To-HA (1824), painted by Chs. Fenderich, Lithograph (1842) by Chs. Fenderich. This stone replaces the weatherworn original. R31/S41

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**Sioux**

34. SHARON HILL or MARLAC son of Chief and delegate, died of “black measles” and may have been ill before he arrived in DC. R52/S210

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**Wichita**

35. PETER P. PITCHLYNN (1806–1881), delegate. R95/S354